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THE INDIANAPOLIS JOURNAL. Can be found at the following places: NEW YORK—Astor House.

NOTICE TO TOURISTS. Subscribers leaving the city for a period during the summer can have the Daily and Sunday Journal mailed to any address in the United States or Canada without extra charge.

Both Telephones 28. The general expression is that this government should have the asphalt syndicates in Venezuela to fight it out in that country.

The President and his Cabinet have decided that an extra session of Congress is not necessary. Now the opposition press knows which side to take.

When a Democratic leader in a formal speech declares that there is only one thing for Democrats to do to the Populists, and that is to turn the hose on them, it is fair to assume that fusion in that locality is a thing of the past.

Mr. Bryan has been "loosening the foundations of the Republic" since early in 1898, when he said the gold standard would perform the operation. The other day he had the Supreme Court do the loosening act.

In the latest case of the man who kills his sweetheart because he cannot live without her and then neglects to kill himself, the murderer assures the public that he has been insane for a year. But is a man ever a competent judge of his own mental state?

The comic-opera performance of the two South Carolina senators now being at an end, the public awaits expectantly the appearance on the stage of the next clown, confidence born of experience giving assurance that the coming will not long be delayed.

The New York Herald tells the Cubans that they should accept the Platt amendment without hesitation, and even with gratitude, as the United States, like a big brother, proposes to protect the small republic against its foes.

After the inheritance tax is paid, the estate of the late George Murray Smith, the English publisher, will, it is said, still amount to more than \$3,500,000. Doubtless, when various and sundry impetuous authors hear of this they will say to themselves with significant and bitter emphasis, "That's where our profits went."

Controller Johnson is reported as saying that it will cost between \$400 and \$500 to hold the special election in the Fifteenth ward. This fact is the best argument that could be made for the introduction of the voting machine, since its introduction would do away with much of the expense of the present cumbersome and costly system, which is peculiar to Indiana.

The Chicago Chronicle, having asserted that neither McLaughlin nor Tillman is a Democrat, is urged by a disinterested correspondent to define one of the real kind. The definition is rather scanty, but the real Democrat is a man who believes in equal rights and who wants nothing that he does not earn. With this requirement the most of the old Democratic party would be left where it now is.

the woman of his choice must possess youth, beauty, education, a modicum of wealth—the figure the amount at \$3,000—and a stainless family antecedent; and adds modestly that he demands no more than he is willing to give. This young man's businesslike method is an improvement over the course commonly pursued by foreigners who come on this same errand. If both parties to an alliance that he may form can present to each other trustworthy credentials they stand a better chance of making marriage a success than do those who figure in the ordinary international marriage. But it is far from being equal to the American way.

IMPERIALISM AT HOME. The amendments to the Constitution growing out of the war of the rebellion were designed to confer all the rights and privileges of citizenship, including suffrage, upon every male resident in the States. Some of those who supported these propositions did not have much faith in them, but millions of men and women who loyally sustained Abraham Lincoln demanded suffrage for all as the equality proclaimed in the Declaration of Independence. This was the carrying of the theory of democracy to the utmost limit, and it was a blow at that time by the few of the many without their consent, which is now called imperialism. Although the colored voter constituted a majority in not over three States, this extension of the right to govern to the governed was denounced as the turning over of the South to the domination of ignorant blacks. From that until the present time the papers and the leaders that are now frantic regarding what they are pleased to regard as imperialism opposed the extension of the full privileges of citizenship to the constitutional amendments.

From the first those who had exercised imperial authority in the South, plunging it into a war to make the imperialism of the nation, and those in sympathy with them in the North opposed the citizenship and suffrage of the Republicans. So persistently have they pushed their idea of imperialism—the rule of all by a few—that Republicans no longer protest against the abridgment of suffrage and practically of citizenship in the South. In Mississippi, South Carolina, Louisiana and North Carolina the imperialistic element has prevailed. The right of suffrage has been taken from three-quarters of a million of the men upon whom it was conferred by the constitutional amendments. This far nearly three millions of native-born citizens have been as effectually deprived of citizenship as if they were residents of the Philippines. In all of these States, with perhaps a single exception, this disfranchisement has been effected without submitting the question to the people. These thousands of colored voters were deprived of citizenship by an act as imperial as if it had been proclaimed by the ukase of the Czar of Russia. If any of these foes of imperialism are opposing this high handed programme of home imperialism in the States referred to they are very quiet about it.

It cannot be said that the millions of people in the South who have been and will be deprived of the right of citizenship are not so well qualified for suffrage as the mixed and illiterate peoples of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines, since those of the South have been familiar with the forms of popular government for generations. Why, then, this heated protest against ruling the Filipinos without their consent when the controlling element in Southern States is depriving native-born citizens of the United States of the one right which marks citizenship? Constitutional half-splitters are vexing the country with the question of the relation of the Filipinos and the Porto Ricans to the United States if they are not recognized as voters and citizens. Will these astute persons inform Americans of the status of the millions in the South who have been deprived of citizenship by the imperial policy of the Southern leaders?

The frequent observations of President David Starr Jordan upon topics outside of his specialty have led his sincere friends to wish that he would adhere more strictly to the line of investigation in which he has achieved fame. His last questionable assertion is in an article in the Popular Science Monthly, in which he maintains that the present generation is not up to the standard of the generation that fought the civil war, because the Nation was impoverished by the million of men who lost their lives, his assumption being that the men who died in battle had better stuff in them than the father of the average man of today. As he speaks of those who died in battle as being of better stuff, his remark does not include those who died from other causes. The number of names on the federal muster rolls was 2,838,354, and the number in the Confederate army could not have been less than 1,100,000, or nearly 4,000,000 in both armies. The battle losses of both armies were about 100,000. Instead of the million which President Jordan estimates, these 200,000 killed in battle or dying of wounds could not have monopolized all the valor of the 4,000,000 of men, or of the 3,500,000 surviving battle and disease. There was enough good "blood of the Nation" left to save the country from the fate which the brilliant teacher has conjured up to distress those who believe in all that he says. Before he writes again on this subject he should possess himself of some reliable statistics of the strength and the losses of the armies in the war of the rebellion.

FROM HITHER AND YON. Tempora Mutantur. Puck. "The old days of hand-to-hand fighting, when men had an equal chance, are over."

Only That. Philadelphia Times. "Ellen, did Mrs. Gadaroun say anything when you told her I wasn't at home?"

Happy Retort. Leslie's Weekly. "Now, don't tell me any story about misfortune an' wantin' to be a hard worker, 'n' all that," said the hard-faced lady. "I can see right through you."

Amenities. Detroit Journal. "Why," roared the Briton, gloweringly, "do you persist in acting the part of the dog in the manger?"

In order," replied the Boer, with forced dignity, "to bow-wow to the inevitable!" Two hours later the Briton might have been seen suddenly to kick himself in that he had

thought to ask the foramen how it felt to be so witty. What it Meant. Judge. "Park—You are having your house fixed over, aren't you?"

It is Responsible for Another Instantaneous Death. B. F. Moore, Boone County, Accused of Embezzling Township Funds. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

EX-OFFICIAL UNDER ARREST. B. F. MOORE, OF BOONE COUNTY, ACCUSED OF EMBEZZLEMENT. Arthur Jordan Company Suffers Heavy Loss at Mattoon, Ill.

Terre Haute-Brazil Strike Settled—Wabash-Peru Traction Line Nearly Finished—School Notes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ULTIMATUM TO CALLES. FILIPINO LEADER GIVEN UNTIL NEXT MONDAY TO SURRENDER. His Adjutant General at Manila in Conference with Aguinaldo—Threats of Federalists.

General Tomas, in company with Senor Lucban, brother of the insurgent leader still operating in Samar, has gone to Samar island and will probably be in Manila to surrender.

Some of the leaders of the Federal party have prepared the resolution in which it is declared that the party will disband unless the United States civil commission reports several Filipino judges who have recently been removed from office. Upon the advice of the moral and political authorities of the party, as well as certain American authorities, the resolution was not presented.

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EX-TRUSTEE ARRESTED. B. F. MOORE, BOONE COUNTY, ACCUSED OF EMBEZZLING TOWNSHIP FUNDS. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PLAINTIFF IN THE SENSATIONAL LABEL SUIT GIVES TESTIMONY. Tells of Her Relations with the Defendant and How She Became a Christian Scientist.

DEFINES THE LETTERS "M. A. M." MEAN "MALICIOUS ANIMAL MAGNETISM," A HIGH CRIME. Testimony of Septimus J. Hanna, Reader of the First Church of Christian Science.

POULTRY PLANT BURNED. Arthur Jordan Company Suffers Heavy Loss at Mattoon, Ill. MATTOON, Ill., June 4.—The large plant of the Arthur Jordan Poultry Company was destroyed by fire this morning.

First Cars to Run on July 4. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Ind., June 4.—The first cars of the Wabash-Peru Interurban Railway line will be on the road on July 4.

Died as Result of a Fall. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. HUNTINGTON, Ind., June 4.—Jesse Bridge, a resident of Roanoke, died this morning, as the result of a fall from a horse.

"ROUGH RIDING" CADETS. Culver Students Show Expert Horsemanship—Gov. Shaw Present. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Miller Murder Trial at Marion. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARION, Ind., June 4.—In the trial of Fred Miller for the killing of William S. Stibbs, at Fairmont, the State completed its evidence this afternoon.

Traction Strike Settled. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 4.—An agreement was reached in the street-car strike at midnight through the influence of W. R. McKee.

Indiana Notes. RICHMOND—Homer T. Varyan, of Toledo, O., had accepted the franchise for a hot water plant, recently granted to him.

Notes of the Schools. WASHINGTON—The twenty-fourth annual high school commencement exercises were held at the University of the District of Columbia this morning.

GREENSBURG—The thirty-third annual high school commencement was held in Assembly Hall Tuesday evening. There were 100 graduates.

PORTLAND—The chair of biblical study and Greek in the Portland, Ore. College has been tendered to Rev. J. W. Stott, of this city, who is one of the best-known ministers and lecturers in the Christian Church of America.

MARTINSVILLE—Prof. Jeremiah Robinson of this city, has been elected superintendent of the State Normal school, succeeding Prof. W. D. Kerlin, who has held the position for the last five years.

INDIANA OBITUARY. Lindley M. Nide, Long a Well-Known Lawyer of Port Wayne. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARTINSVILLE—W. H. Burkhardt, Monday on the charge of embezzling county funds, was sentenced to the State Prison for one year.

AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION. ST. PAUL, Minn., June 4.—The general meeting of the American Medical Association was called to order to-day by President Charles K. Reed, of Cincinnati.

GREENSBURG, Ind., June 4.—Robert W. Wise is dead, at the age of sixty-two years.

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